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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE .	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/845,355	05/01/2001	Tetsuo Nakamura	Q64193	2615
SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC			EXAMINER	
7590 02/28/2002	CHEA, THORL			
	05/01/2001 Tetsuo Nakamura 7590 02/28/2002 JE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC nsylvania Avenue, N.W.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1752	ik
			DATE MAILED: 02/28/2002	7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		NHL
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
•	09/845,355	NAKAMURA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Thorl Chea	1752
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	app ars on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
Period for Reply		MONITH (C) EDOM
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relative to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated to the communication of the communication of the communication of the period for reply will, by stated to reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, mareply within the statutory minimum of lod will apply and will expire SIX (6) hours of the cause the application to becomailing date of this communication, even	thiny (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Be ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) \boxtimes Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{0}$		
24)	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und	owance except for formal der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935	matters, prosecution as to the merits is C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application	tion.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to		!
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in		
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		
 Certified copies of the priority docum 		
Certified copies of the priority docum		
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the paper of the pap	l Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom		
a) The translation of the foreign language 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	provisional application ha	as been received.
Attachment(s)	iostio priority under 35 O.	5.5. 33 120 dilator 121.
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🗍 Inter	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper Not) 5) 🔲 Notic	e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 09/845,355

Art Unit: 1752

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. Claims 4, 5, and 7 objected to because of the following informalities: the notation of n, p, m associated to formulae (II), (III), (IV), (V), (VI) are not consistent. See especially the number associated therewith, i.e., subscript vs superscript. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-4, 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The protection sought for claiming of "at least two sensitizing dyes represented by the formula (I)" in claims 1, 11 is unclear since the there is only one dye of formula represented by formula (I) is shown in the claims, and none of the other dyes presented in the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Miyamoto et al (Miyamoto) and Hioki et al (Hioki).

Miyamoto discloses silver halide emulsion containing dyes within the scope of the claimed invention. Note especially formula (I) in column 2 and the exemplified compounds in columns 5-12 wherein the dyes having a "- SO_3 " containing substituent and the other substituents are not the "- SO_3 " containing substituent , and these substituents have structure within the scope of the claimed invention. In the abstract, it is disclosed "the silver emulsion is subjected to spectral sensitization with at least one type of a methine compound represented by formula (I). In column 3 lines 10-15, Miyamoto prefers a substituent containing a sulfo group as R2. The most of exemplified compounds in Miyamoto are compounds containing a substituent having "- SO_3 " containing substituent and the other substituents containing a dissociable group other than "- SO_3 " containing substituent. In the formula (I) in column 2, it is disclosed that "(X_1)_k" represents anion and k represents a number required to adjust the charge in the molecule to 0.

Hioki in column 5, lines 49-51, discloses that a sulfo group is described as "-SO₃-", but it can be described as "SO₃H" when hydrogen ion is presented as a counter ion. The use of counter ions to balance the charge is disclosed in column 2, lines 30-35.

The difference between the claimed invention and that of Miyamoto is the "H" associated with the sulfo group. Miyamoto is silence with respect to the use of hydrogen atom to balance the charge of the dye molecule, but Hioki discloses that "H" can be used to balance the charge of dye molecule containing sulfo group. It would have been

Application/Control Number: 09/845,355

Art Unit: 1752

obvious to the worker of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use positively charged hydrogen to adjust the charge in the molecule of the dye taught in Miyamoto, and thereby provide an invention as claimed.

Claims 1-6, 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable 6. over Hioki et al (Hioki).

Hioki discloses silver halide material substantially as claimed. See the abstract wherein the material contains at least one dye of formula (I) and formula (II); exemplified compound of formula (I) and exemplified of formula (II) in columns 6-9 wherein one of the dye substituents contains "-SO₃" group and the other contains groups different from "-SO₃-" such as "-CO₂H" or "CONHSO₂CH₂". Hioki may not exemplify the use of dyes having one substituent containing -SO₃H and the other substituents represent a dissociable group other than that of -SO₃H; but suggest the use of dye having similar structure to that of the present claimed invention as in combination. It would have been obvious to the worker of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to spectrally sensitize silver halide emulsion taught in Hioki using a combination of dyes taught therein to provide an invention as claimed.

Conclusion

7. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 09/845,355

Art Unit: 1752

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thorl Chea whose telephone number is (703)308-3498. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30 - 6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Janet C Baxter can be reached on (703)308-2303. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)872-9301 for regular communications and (703)872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

tchea 🎷 \iint February 15, 2002 Thorl Chea Primary Examiner Art Unit 1752